



Breeding for silk fly resistance in sweetcorn

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Silk resistance in sweetcorn

Silk fly mapping population in field corn
with USDA

Leaf and ear resistance in field corn



Inbred Silk Fly Resistance Trial

Fall 2016



ZC sh₂



M5-2



M5-1



9EC

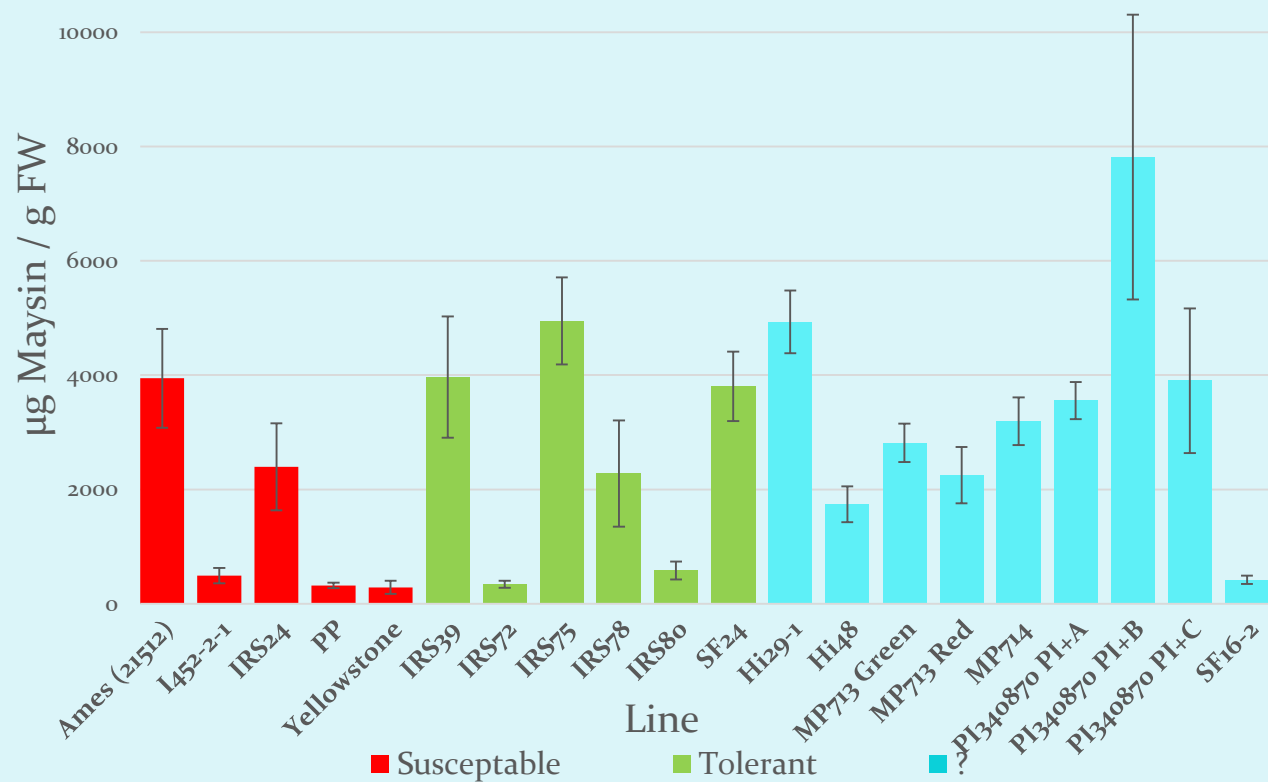
Silk Fly Inbred Test

Fall 2016

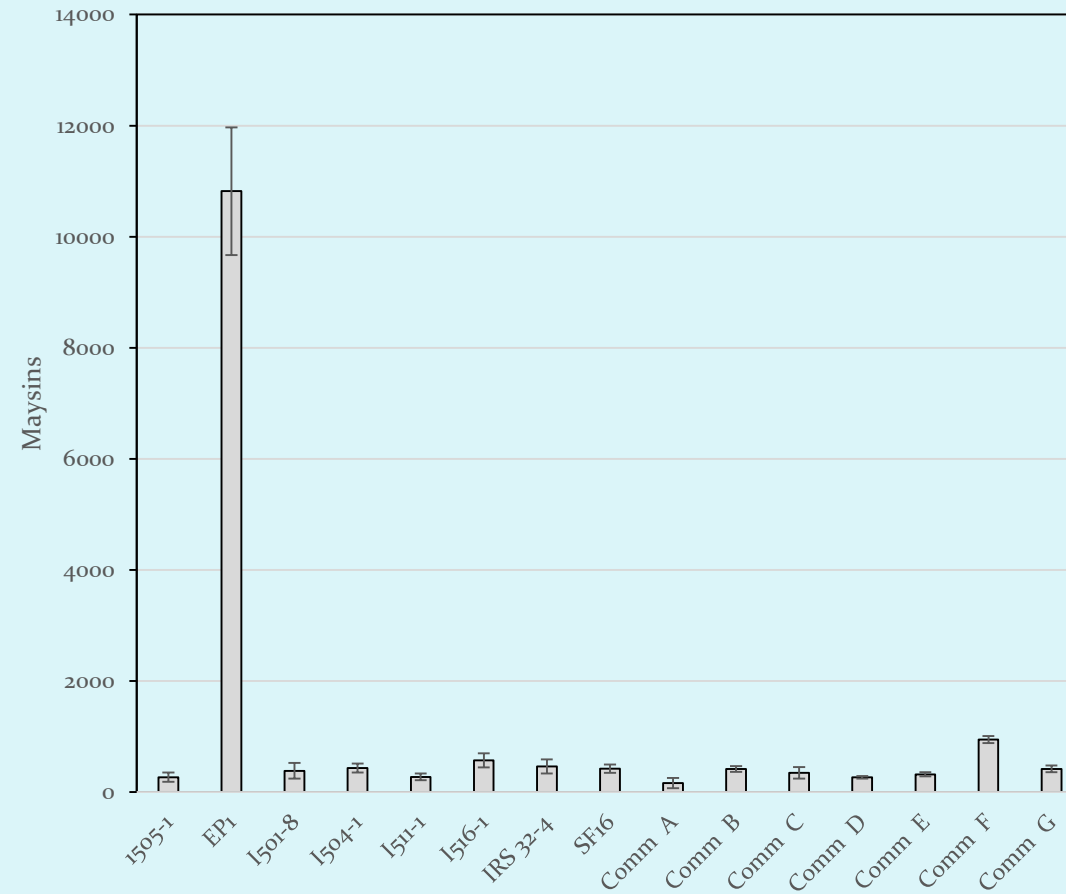
Line	Silk Fly Rating*	% Ear Damage
ZC sh2	1.63c	4.53b
M5-2	2.77c	6.68b
M5-1	3.45bc	6.28b
9EC	4.88a	39.69a

* Rated from 0-5 with 0 (no damage) and 5 (damage to bottom half of ear)

Maysin levels in some sweet, field and popcorns



Maysin Levels in some sweet and pop corns



Maysin probably is not the answer

No sweetcorn lines do not preformed well under high silk fly pressure

Other factors like Phorid flies affecting results

Phorid Fly



Silk Fly



Phorid Fly








Difficult to produce
good quality seed


Silk fly mapping population in field corn with USDA

With Anna Block USDA-ARS Gainesville, FL.

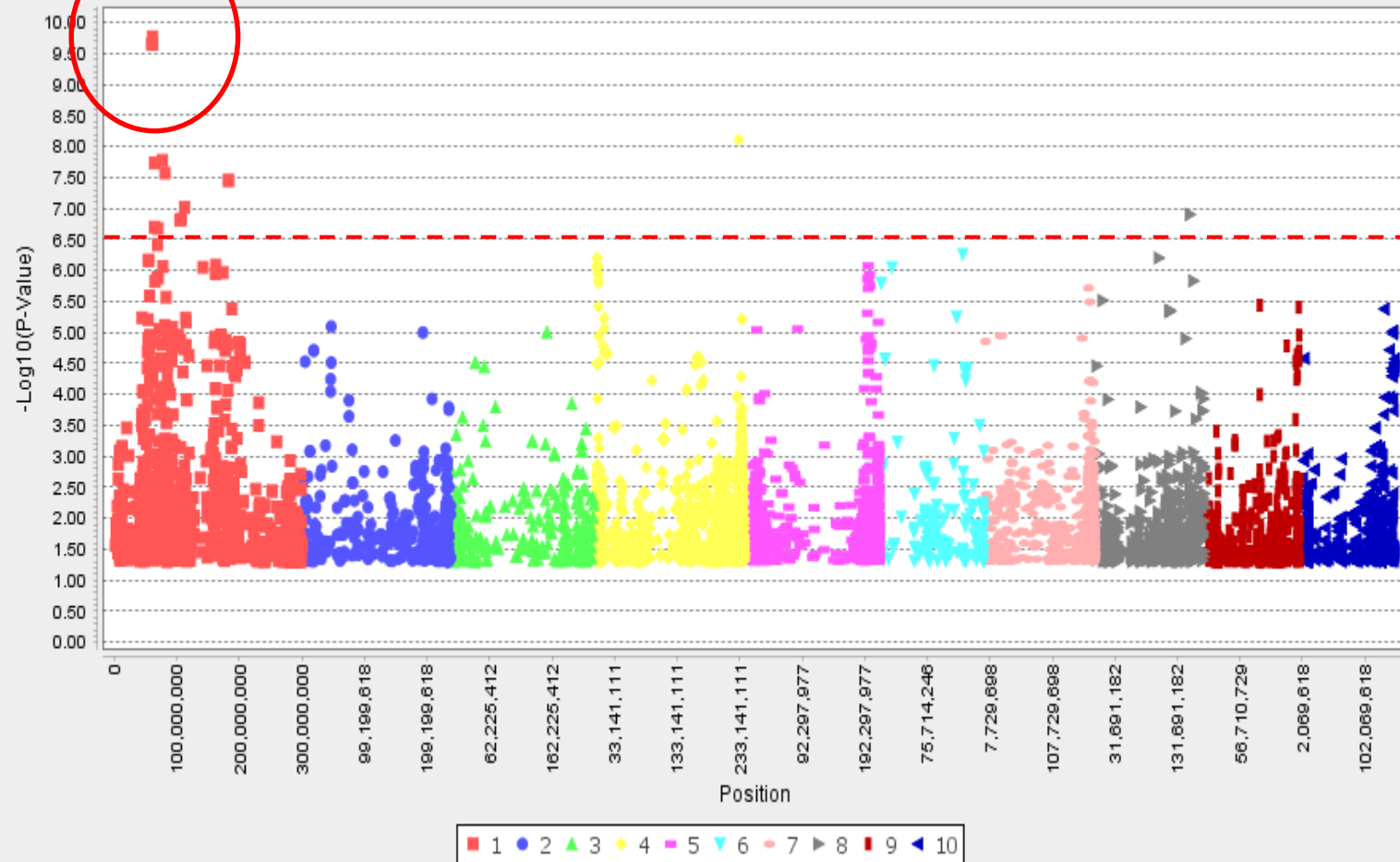
Funded by FDACS Specialty Crops Block Grant



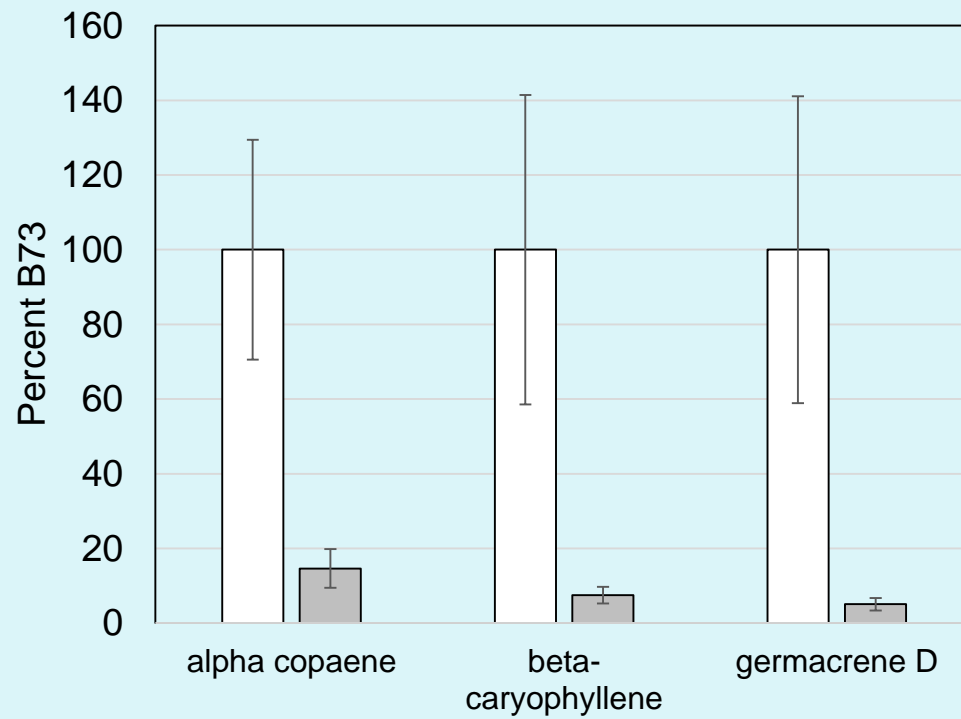
Goal: use maize recombinant inbred lines to
map for genes that may confer silkfly
resistance/tolerance

- 
- Initial trial identified 4 parental lines to use in future mapping trails
 - 2 mapping populations have been run and scored for silkworm resistance.
 - Genome-wide association (GWAS) analysis was performed from the first mapping population and a potential loci of interest was identified.

P-Values by Chromosome for Score



□ B73 ■ Ki11



- Test if these compounds can be used for silkworm monitoring
- Develop molecular markers to facilitate the rapid movement of this gene (allele) into commercially viable sweetcorn.
- Make sure not a flavor component of sweetcorn



Leaf and ear resistance in field corn



Maize Strip





Corn Stunt



